Implementing the WHO Global Code: the Irish Experience

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1. Ireland's HRH Challenges: 2000-2014

- Between 2000 and 2008, the percentage of foreign trained doctors increased from 12% to 35% - 25% of these doctors coming from 'high-burden' countries
- Between 2000 and 2006, more than 50% of all nurses registering in Ireland were non-Irish
- Ireland biggest recruiter of foreign trained nurses and second biggest for doctors (in % terms) among OECD countries (2008)
- Due to economic crisis, there has been a reduction in health workforce of 12,505 WTEs (-11%) since September 2007
- Ireland now produces sufficient graduates in medicine and nursing/midwifery, but is experiencing recruitment and retention challenges across the public health system



2. Ireland and the WHO Global Code

- Collaborative implementation: Dept of Health, Dept of Foreign Affairs (Irish Aid) and Health Service Executive (HSE)
 - MoU between the Health Service Executive and Irish Aid to enhance collaboration on global health issues including HRH (2010)
 - Establishment and roll-out of the International Medical Graduate Training Initiative (2011-2013)
 - Agreed commitments for 3rd Global Forum on HRH, Recife (2013)
- Ireland's work on Code implementation recognised in 2013 Health Worker Migration Policy Council Innovation Award
- Measures to stabilise the health workforce and build a sustainable health workforce for the future (2013-2015)
- Developing strong links between policy, planning and research



3. International Medical Graduate Training Initiative (2011-2014)

- Underpinned by WHO Global Code and principle of reciprocity
- Enables suitably qualified overseas postgraduate medical trainees to undertake fixed period of clinical training in Ireland
- Structured training program developed by Irish postgraduate medical training body to meet the clinical needs of participants as defined by their home country's health service
- Established in 2011 first bi-lateral agreement signed with College of Physicians and Surgeons of Pakistan (CPSP)
- Launched in 2013 joint pilot with the CPSP
- Continued roll-out in 2014 c. CPSP 100 trainees offered posts under the Initiative following joint selection process



4. Stabilising the Health Workforce

- Strategic Review of Medical Training and Career Structure (2013-2014)
 - 3 reports and 25 recommendations relating to training and career pathways for doctors
 - Recommendations aim to:
 - Improve graduate retention in the public health system;
 - Support planning for future service needs;
 - > Realise maximum benefit from investment in MET
 - Recommendations currently at implementation stage with first progress report to Minister for Health in January 2015
- Taskforce on Staffing and Skill Mix for Nursing (2014-2015)
 - Group of experts, chaired by Chief Nursing Officer, Dept of Health
 - Group will develop a staffing and skill mix ranges framework related to general and specialist adult hospital medical and surgical settings



5. Building a Sustainable Health Workforce for the Future



'The effective management of our human resources requires an approach to workforce planning and development that includes <u>recruiting</u> and <u>retaining</u> the right mix of staff, <u>training</u> and <u>upskilling</u> the workforce, providing for <u>professional</u> and <u>career</u> development, and <u>creating</u> supportive and healthy workplaces.'

- *Future Health*, 2012, p.46



6. Developing a National Integrated Strategic Framework for Health Workforce Planning



- Dept of Health and HSE working together to progress Action 46
- Dept of Health currently finalising modalities for the process to develop the national integrated strategic framework
- Process will be cross-sectoral and will bring together partners from Education and other sectors
- Roll-out of process: January 2015
- Framework to be submitted to Minister: June 2015



Thank You

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